

Women's Health Goals and Objectives

Medical Knowledge

The resident should be able to

1. Gain competency in the evaluation, diagnosis and management of the following scenarios:
 - a. Normal gynecologic examination, including Pap smear.
 - b. Abnormal uterine bleeding
 - c. STDs and gynecologic infections: PID, UTI, HIV
 - d. Endometriosis
 - e. Family planning
 - f. Contraceptive management: oral, IUD, DepoProvera
 - g. Work up of infertility
 - h. Osteoporosis
 - i. Gynecologic cancer/screening
 - j. Dysmenorrhea
 - k. Normal and abnormal breast examination
 - l. Perimenopause/menopause

Patient Care

The resident should be able to

1. Give oral and written presentations to attendings in an organized, concise, accurate manner, including differential diagnosis and management plan.
2. Demonstrate principle of patient autonomy, confidentiality, and informed consent.
3. Develop and demonstrate the ability to work in an efficient organized manner in assessing and triaging patients according to urgency.
4. Use laboratory tests appropriately in delivering patient care.
5. Demonstrate competency in the following skills:
 - a. Pap smear.
 - b. Colposcopy
 - c. Microscopic examination of urine and vaginal fluid for analysis.
 - d. Breast examination.
6. Keep a log of all patients seen, including the reason for visit, topics covered with attending physicians, and procedures performed.

Interpersonal Communication Skills

The resident should be able to:

1. Effectively communicate with attendings and other healthcare team members in coordinating comprehensive care.
2. Effectively communicate medical decisions and recommendations to colleagues and patients.
3. Discuss and demonstrate strategies to discuss sensitive subjects with patients.
4. Demonstrate effective, compassionate and empathetic communication with patients and families while considering psychosocial, economic and cultural issues of care.

Systems Based Practice

The resident should be able to:

1. Demonstrate effective, compassionate and empathetic communication with patients and families while considering psychosocial, economic and cultural issues of care.
2. Utilize ancillary services to provide cost-effective and economically appropriate medical treatments.

Practice Based Learning and Improvement

The resident should be able to:

1. Appraise and assimilate scientific evidence to guide improvement in patient care.
2. Incorporate formative evaluation and feedback into daily practice.
3. Use information technology to optimize learning.

Professionalism

The resident should be able to:

1. Present themselves professionally in regards to dress, punctuality, and interactions with patients, family and other medical care providers.
2. Demonstrate compassion, integrity and respect for others.
3. Demonstrate respect for patient privacy and autonomy.
4. Apply the principles of medical ethics to decision making.