Ophthalmology Goals and Objectives

Medical Knowledge

The resident should be able to:

- 1. Discuss the evaluation and management of the following scenarios:
 - a. Infections: conjunctivitis, hordeolum, chalazion, orbital cellulitis.
 - b. Uveitis
 - c. Cataracts
 - d. Ocular trauma: blunt, foreign body, hyphema, chemical, UV light, welding, corneal abrasion
 - e. Glaucoma
 - f. Motor alterations: strabismus, amblyopia, palsies
 - g. Retinal disease: diabetic retinopathy, age related changes, detachment, vascular occlusion
 - h. Ocular complications of systemic diseases
 - i. Vision correction surgery
 - j. Ocular neoplasm

Patient Care

The resident should be able to:

- 1. Give oral and written presentations to attending physicians in an organized, concise, accurate manner, including a differential diagnosis and management plan.
- 2. Demonstrate principles of patient autonomy, confidentiality, and informed consent.
- 3. Develop and demonstrate the ability to work in an efficient organized manner in assessing and triaging patients according to urgency.
- 4. Use laboratory tests appropriately in delivering patient care.
- 5. Demonstrate competency in the following skills and procedures:
 - a. Thorough ophthalmologic history and physical
 - b. Direct ophthalmoscopy
 - c. Fluorescein staining of the cornea
 - d. Visual acuity and field testing
 - e. Tonometry
 - f. Proper use of ophthalmologic pharmaceuticals: anesthetics, antibiotics, mydriatics, steroids, anti-inflammatory agents.
 - g. Foreign body removal
 - h. Subconjunctival hemorrhage management
 - i. Understand the basic use of the slit lamp

Interpersonal Communication Skills

The resident should be able to:

- 1. Effectively communicate with attending physicians and other healthcare team members in coordinating comprehensive care.
- Effectively communicate medical decisions and recommendations to colleagues and patients.
- 3. Discuss and demonstrate strategies to discuss sensitive subjects with patients.
- 4. Demonstrate effective, compassionate, empathetic communication with patients and families while considering psychosocial, economic and cultural issues of care.

Systems Based Practice

The resident should be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate effective, compassionate, empathetic communication with patients and families while considering psychosocial, economic and cultural issues of care.
- 2. Utilize ancillary services to provide cost-effective and economically appropriate medical treatments.

<u>Practice Based Learning and Improvement</u>

The resident should be able to:

- 1. Appraise and assimilate scientific evidence to guide improvement in patient care.
- 2. Incorporate formative evaluation and feedback into daily practice.
- 3. Use information technology to optimize learning.

Professionalism

The resident should be able to:

- 1. Present themselves professionally in regards to dress, punctuality, and interactions with patients, families and all medical care providers.
- 2. Demonstrate compassion, integrity and respect for others.
- 3. Demonstrate respect for patient privacy and autonomy.
- 4. Apply the principles of medical ethics to decision making.