Neurology Goals and Objectives

Medical Knowledge

The resident should be able to:

- 1. Appropriate use, indications, contraindications of ancillary neurologic tests such as EMG, EEG, angiography, evoked potentials, CT, MR, LP, ultrasound, nerve and muscle biopsy.
- 2. Discuss the work-up, history and physical exam in the evaluation, and management and localization of lesion for the following scenarios:
 - a. Headache include migraine.
 - b. Dizziness/vertigo/syncope central vs peripheral and differential diagnoses.
 - c. Dementia testing, appropriate diagnosis, management.
 - d. Seizure disorder including treatment for status epilepticus.
 - e. Multiple sclerosis.
 - f. Cerebrovascular disease.
 - g. Altered mental status management and differential diagnosis.
 - h. CNS infectious disease.
 - i. Guillain Barré Syndrome.
 - k. Acute/chronic peripheral neuropathics.
 - 1. Parkinson's disease.
 - m. Coma differential diagnosis and work-up.
 - n. Sleep disorders.
 - o. Carpal tunnel syndrome.

Patient Care

The resident should be able to:

- 1. Give oral and written presentations to attendings in an organized, concise, accurate manner that include differential diagnoses and management plans.
- 2. Demonstrate principles of patient autonomy, confidentiality, and informed consent.
- Develop and demonstrate ability to work in an organized, efficient manner in assessing and triaging patients according to urgency.
- 4. Use laboratory tests appropriately in delivering patient care.

Interpersonal Communication Skills

The resident should be able to:

- 1. Effectively communicate with attendings and other healthcare members as a team in coordinating comprehensive healthcare.
- 2. Effectively communicate medical decisions and recommendations to colleagues and patients.
- 3. Discuss and demonstrate strategies to discuss sensitive subjects with patients.
- 4. Demonstrate effective, compassionate and empathetic communication with patients and families while considering psychosocial, economic, and cultural issues of care.

Systems-based Practice

The resident should be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate effective, compassionate and empathetic communication with patients and families while considering psychosocial, economic, and cultural issues of care.
- 2. Utilize ancillary services to provide cost-effective and economically appropriate medical treatments.

Practice-based Learning and Improvement

The resident should be able to:

- 1. Appraise and assimilate scientific evidence to guide improvement in patient care.
- 2. Incorporate formative evaluation feedback into daily practice.
- 3. Use information technology to optimize learning.

Professionalism

The resident should be able to:

- 1. Present themselves professionally in regards to dress, punctuality, and interactions with patients, families, and all medical care providers.
- 2. Demonstrate compassion, integrity, and respect for others.
- 3. Demonstrate respect for patient privacy and autonomy.

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4. Apply the principles of medical ethics to decision making.				
Resident	Faculty			
Date				