Geriatrics Goals and Objectives

Medical Knowledge
The resident should be able to:
1. Discuss the evaluation, and management of the following scenarios:
   a. Elder Abuse
   b. Alcoholism
   c. Depression
   d. Dementia
   e. Drug Induced Illness
   f. Common Elderly GI Disorders
   g. Acute Confusion
   h. Sepsis
   i. Gait Disorders
   j. Malnutrition
   k. Incontinence
   l. Atrial Fibrillation
   m. Skin Disorders, including Cancer
   n. Parkinson Disease/Gait Disorders
   o. Terminal Disease/Hospice
   p. Degenerative Joint Disease
   q. Pneumonia
   r. Hypotension
   s. Pressure Sores
   t. UTI’s
   u. Sensory Loss

Patient Care
The resident should be able to:
1. Give oral and written presentations to attendings in an organized, concise, accurate manner that include differential diagnoses and management plans.
2. Demonstrate principles of patient autonomy, confidentiality, and informed consent.
3. Develop and demonstrate ability to work in an organized, efficient manner in assessing and triaging patients according to urgency.
4. Use laboratory tests appropriately in delivering patient care.
5. Provide comprehensive geriatric healthcare in the hospital, nursing home, FMC, and the patient’s home including develop skills to assess patient safety and level of function in their home.
6. Learn techniques to incorporate both family commitment and community service in helping maintain the elderly patient’s autonomy.
7. Recognize and avoid polypharmacy.

Interpersonal Communication Skills
The resident should be able to:
1. Effectively communicate with attendings and other healthcare members as a team in coordinating comprehensive healthcare.
2. Effectively communicate medical decisions and recommendations to colleagues and patients.
3. Discuss and demonstrate strategies to discuss sensitive subjects with patients.
4. Demonstrate effective, compassionate and empathetic communication with patients and families while considering psychosocial, economic, and cultural issues of care.

Systems-based Practice
The resident should be able to:
1. Demonstrate effective, compassionate and empathetic communication with patients and families while considering psychosocial, economic, and cultural issues of care.
2. Utilize ancillary services to provide cost-effective and economically appropriate medical treatments.

Practice-based Learning and Improvement
The resident should be able to:
1. Appraise and assimilate scientific evidence to guide improvement in patient care.
2. Incorporate formative evaluation feedback into daily practice.
3. Use information technology to optimize learning.
**Professionalism**

The resident should be able to:

1. Present themselves professionally in regards to dress, punctuality, and interactions with patients, families, and all medical care providers.
2. Demonstrate compassion, integrity, and respect for others.
3. Demonstrate respect for patient privacy and autonomy.
4. Apply the principles of medical ethics to decision making.

______________________________________________  ______________________________________________________________________
Resident                                                                                              Faculty

__________________________________________
Date